

X-Zelit[®] is more than milk fever prevention



X-Zelit is probably the most effective and most well-documented product on the market to ensure normal calcium level in the blood around calving and early lactation.

What does X-Zelit do?

- Helps the transition of high yielders into the new lactation.
- Prevents both milk fever and the sub-clinical form, *sub-clinical hypocalcaemia*.
- X-Zelit therefore also reduces the occurrence of calving difficulties, of uterine prolapse, of retained placenta, metritis, reproduction problems, displaced abomasum, ketosis, mastitis, *indigestion* and *reduced lifetime* because all these conditions and production diseases have *hypocalcaemia* as risk factor.

Trials show that:

- X-Zelit has repeatedly shown 100 % efficiency in preventing low blood calcium levels around calving and in early lactation.
- X-Zelit has shown 80-85 % efficiency in preventing milk fever when tested under commercial dairy farm conditions.

Tildeling:

- X-Zelit is given to the *transition cows* at 500 gram per day the last 2 weeks of the dry period.

Produktinformation:

- X-Zelit contains the mineral zeolite, and starch. The zeolite used is microcrystalline and 100% pure.
- X-Zelit has shown no side effects and the product is patented, approved and ratified by the EU authorities.

Also dairy farms with low occurrence of milk fever will benefit from the use of X-Zelit because X-Zelit eliminates the risk factor hypocalcaemia. That's why several farmers spontaneously reported X-Zelit had a positive effect on the general state of health among newly calved cows and cows in early lactation when the product was tested under commercial farm conditions.

For more information please contact your Vitfoss consultant

Sub-clinical hypocalcaemia: An abnormally low calcium content in the blood, however not so low as to cause clinical signs of milk fever.

Indigestion describes a condition where the activity of the digestive system, and the appetite, is reduced or stopped. Vets know these cows usually respond positively to a calcium infusion into the blood.

Hypocalcaemia: An abnormally low calcium content in the blood.

Transition cow: A cow in the period 2 weeks before calving and until milk production starts after calving.